SCOPE VIDEOS

ODS and the Cursor

(March 6, 2025)



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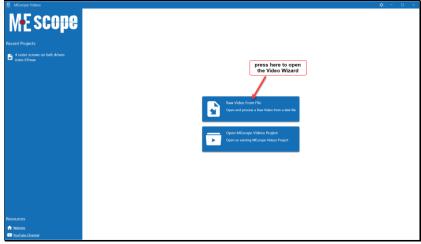
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Video Wizard

The opening window in MEscopeVIDEOS allows you to process a raw video recording from a digital camera, including the camera in your cellphone.



Opening MEscopeVIDEOS window.

Processing a Raw Video

• To open the Video Wizard, press Raw Video From File in the opening MEscope VIDEOS window, as shown above

The first step of Video Wizard will open, as shown below.

| MEscope Videos | | | |
|----------------|--|-------------|-------------------|
| Adjust & Crop | Adjust & Crop | | e |
| | Select a raw video, rotate it, crop it, and adjust its brightness and Coetrast | | |
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| | 0 160° 0 270° | 100 + - | |
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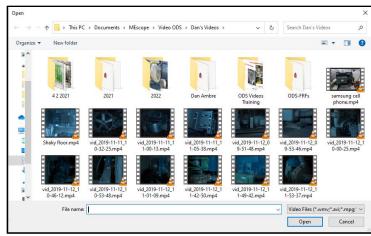
First Video Wizard Step.

- Press the **Open Raw Video** button
- Navigate to the raw video you wish to process in the Video Wizard and open it

A raw video in any one of the following formats can be processed in the Video Wizard .mov, .wmv, .avi, .mpg, .mpg, or .mp4

A windows file dialog box will open, from which you can navigate to a raw video stored on your computer or on an external device.

• Select the raw video file and press the **Open** button, or *double-click* on a video file to open it in the Wizard



File Dialog Showing Video Files

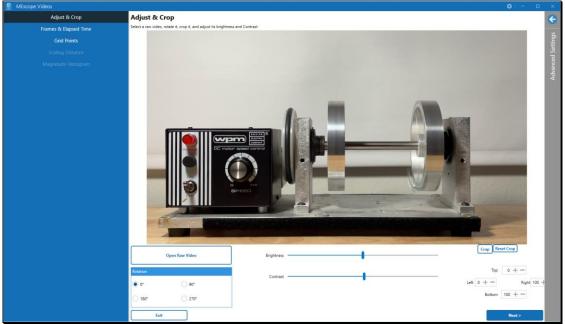
Video Wizard Steps

The Video Wizard uses five steps for processing raw videos. The steps are listed on the *upper-left* side of the Video Wizard, as shown below. The Video Wizard extracts Time Waveforms (**TWFs**) from a raw video by calculating the displacement of the location of each pixel in each frame of the video relative to its location in each successive frame.

The extracted TWFs are saved in a TWF Data Block.

The digital frequency spectrum of each **TWF** is calculated by using an **FFT** (Fast Fourier Transform) algorithm to calculate the **DFT** (Digital Fourier Transform).

The DFT of each TWF is saved into a DFT Data Block.



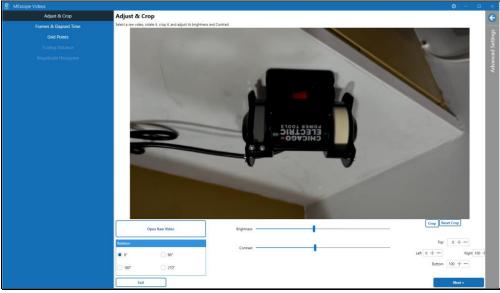
Video Wizard for Step 1- Adjust & Crop

Step 1 - Adjust & Crop

After a raw video has been opened in the Wizard, several functions can be carried out in this step.

Rotating the Video

The video may have been recorded with the camera position that was different from the vertical position. IN the example shown below, the camera was *upside-down* when the video was recorded.



Raw Video Rotated 180 Degrees from Correct Vertical.

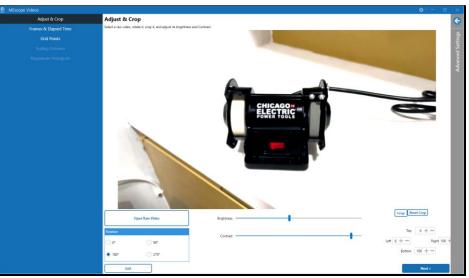
To rotate a video like the one above so that the test article is *top-side-up*,

• Click on 180 on the *lower-left* side of the Wizard

Brightness & Contrast

If a video recording is too dark, its **brightness & contrast** can be improved by using the sliders in this first step of the Wizard.

• *Slide* the **Brightness** and **Contrast** controls *horizontally* to improve the brightness and contrast of the video, as shown below



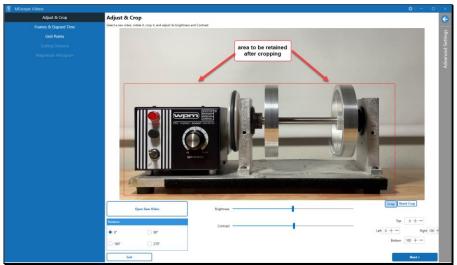
Video With Brightness & Contrast Improved

Cropping The Video

Your videos will usually capture some background areas which are not of interest to you.

All the surroundings of the area of interest in a video should be removed by cropping. Cropping can be applied multiple times to remove as much of the video background as possible. The time required for **TWF** extraction in Step 3 of the Wizard is *greatly reduced* by cropping the video as much as possible.

- To initiate manual cropping, press the Crop button on the lower-right of the Wizard
- Draw a red cropping box around the area to be retained in the video, as shown below



Red Cropping Box Drawn on the Video.

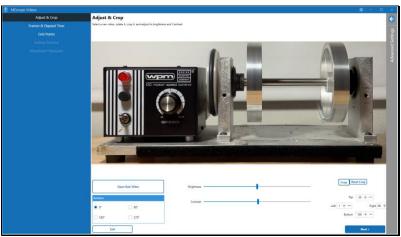
• To return to the un-cropped video, *press* the **Reset Crop button** on the *lower-right* of the Wizard

Using the Cropping Controls

A video can also be cropped by pressing the arrow controls next to the **Top**, **Bottom**, **Left**, **Right** boxes on the *lower-right* of the Wizard.

The **Top**, **Bottom**, **Left**, **Right** cropping boxes contain the current Crop amounts *as percentages* of the video dimensions in each respective direction.

These percentages are retained in the MEscopeVIDEOS settings on your computer, and can be used to apply the same cropping percentages to multiple videos.



Cropped Video with the Background Removed

Step 2 - Frames & Elapsed Time

To move from this step from Step 2,

• Either *press* the **Next button** on the *lower-right side* or *press* **Frames & Elapsed Time** on the *upper-left side* of the Wizard

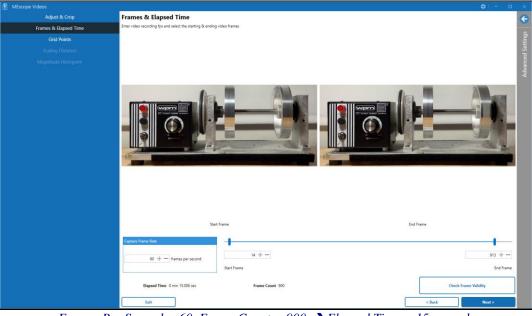
In this step, video frames can be removed from the beginning and the end of the video. Frames are removed by using the sliders below the video. The correct recording speed of the video, (in **frames per sec, or fps**), must be entered into the box on the **lower-left** side.

The elapsed time of the video is calculated from the number of frames and the fps using the formula,

Elapsed Time = fps x (End Frame – Start Frame +1)

The Elapsed Time is displayed on the left side of the Wizard.

- Use the *left horizontal slider* to change the **Start Frame**
- Use the *right horizontal slider* to change the **End Frame**
- Enter the **Capture Frame Rate** into the **frames per second** box on the *left side* of the Wizard



Frames Per Second = 60, Frame Count = 900 → Elapsed Time = 15 seconds

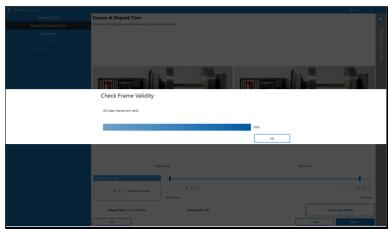
The **fps** of the video determines the maximum frequency of the **DFTs** calculated from the **TWFs**. The **elapsed time** (**T**) of the video determines the **frequency resolution** (Δ **f**) between samples in the **DFTs**. The **frequency resolution** (Δ **f**) is equal to the *inverse* of the **elapsed time** (**T**). Δ **f** = 1 / **T**

Check Frame Validity

Sometimes a video might have one or more corrupted frames in it. Before extracting **TWFs** from the video in the next step, the validity of all its frames can be checked in this step.

• To verify the validity of the frames in the video, *press* Check Frame Validity on the *lower-right side* of the Wizard

If all the frames of the video are valid, the message shown below is displayed.



Check Frame Validity Showing All Frames are Valid.

If some frames at the beginning or the end of a video fail the validity check, use the slider bars to remove them before proceeding to the next step.

Step 3 - Grid Points

To move to this step from Step 2,

• Either press the Next button on the lower-right side or press Grid Points on the upper-left side of the Wizard

In this step, a rectangular **Point Grid** is created. The points in the **Point Grid** are deformed during video animation using data for either the **TWFs** Data Block or the **DFTs** Data Block. Frames from the video are also attached to surfaces of the **Point Grid** to provide a *photo-realistic* structure model for animation.

Number of Grid Points

The points in the rectangular **Point Grid** are displayed as **red dots**, as shown below.

| MEscope Videos | • | - 0 | × |
|-----------------------|---|----------|----------|
| Adjust & Crop | Grid Points | | ~ |
| Frames & Elapsed Time | Select the number of grid points for extracting TWFs from frames of the video | | 100 |
|) Grid Points | | | tting |
| | | | d Se |
| | | | Advanced |
| | | | |
| | Tait Clack Direct | t TWIs > | |

Point Grid Showing 2001 Points.

- To increase the number of grid points in the Point Grid, drag the horizontal slider to the right
- To decrease the number of grid points in the Point Grid, drag the horizontal slider to the left

Extracting TWFs

To extract TWFs for each point in the Point Grid,

• Press the **Extract TWFs** button on the *lower-right side* of the Wizard

When this button is pressed, several functions are performed.

- 1. **Two TWFs** are extracted for each pixel in each frame of the video. One **TWF** is the *horizontal displacement*, and the other is the *vertical displacement* of each pixel.
- 2. Then **two TWFs** for each point in the **Point Grid** are calculated from the **TWFs** of the pixels surrounding each point.
- 3. **Two TWFs** for each point in the **Point Grid** are saved in a **TWFs** Data Block, and *each pair* of **TWFs** in the **TWFs** Data Block is linked to a point in the **Point Grid**, one in the *horizontal* and the other in the *vertical* direction.
- 4. **Two DFTss** for each point in the **Point Grid** are saved in a **DFTs** Data Block, and *each pair* of **DFTs** in the **DFTs** Data Block is linked to a point in the **Point Grid**, one in the *horizontal* and the other in the *vertical* direction.

During *sweep animation* from the **TWFs** Data Block, each frame of the video is attached to the surface of the **Point Grid** and is deflected along with the deflection of the grid points.

During *sine dwell* or *static dwell* animation from the **DFTs** Data Block, a chosen frame of the video is attached to the surface of the **Point Grid** and is deflected along with the deflection of the grid points.

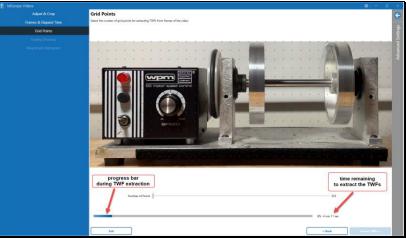
Extraction of the TWFs from the video is the most time-consuming step in the Video Wizard.

The amount of time required to extract **TWFs** from a video depends primarily on the *number of frames* in the video and the *number of pixels* in each frame. The number of **TWFs** extracted from a video is *twice the number of points* in the **Point** Grid.

A video should be cropped, and a suitable number of points in the **Point Grid** chosen before pressing the **Extract TWFs** button in this step.

It is advisable to make *an initial pass* through the steps of the Video Wizard using heavily cropped frames and a small number of grid points to verify that you are getting a valid **EVA** (Enhanced Video Animation) from your video.

- Press Extract TWFs to extract displacement TWFs from the video for each point in the Point Grid
- Press Back to stop the TWF extraction and return to previous steps of the Video Wizard
- *Press* Exit to return to the beginning step of the Video Wizard



Progress During TWF Extraction from a Video

When the Extract TWFs command has completed, the Scaling Distance step is displayed in the Wizard.

Step 4 - Scale Distance

To move to this step from Step 3,

• Either press the Next button on the lower-right side or press Scaling Distance on the upper-left side of the Wizard

In this step, the **TWFs** extracted from a video are scaled to engineering displacement units so the **ODS's** displayed during an **EVA** accurately reflect the deflections of the test article captured by the video.

This step is optional but is required to scale the **TWFs** and **DFTs** into displacement engineering units. After the **TWFs** and **DFTs** are scaled to displacement units, **ODS's** obtained from them during an **EVA** can be *differentiated* to **velocity** units and *double-differentiated* to **acceleration** units.

To scale the **TWFs** and **DFTs**, two points in a frame of the video are selected and the distance between those two points is entered into the Wizard in English or metric units.

For accurate scaling, the scaling endpoints should be chosen as close as possible to be in plane parallel to the recording plane of the video.

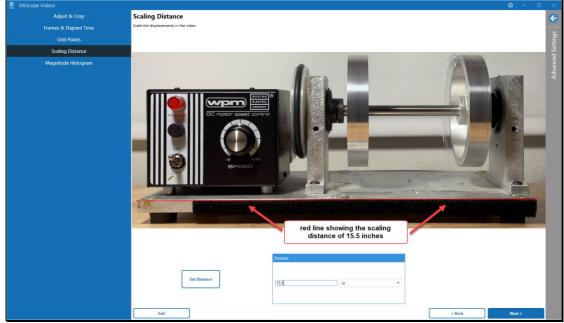
When the endpoints are chosen in a plane parallel to the plane of the video, the distance between them will be an accurate measure of the distance between the pixels recorded in the video that are closest to the endpoints.

The scaling distance line can be at any angle, but its endpoints should be chosen in a plane parallel as close as possible to the plane of the video.

- Press the Set Distance button
- *Click* on a **beginning endpoint** and then click on an **ending endpoint**

A red line will be displayed between the two chosen points, as shown below.

• Select the **engineering units** and enter the distance between the two points in the box on the *lower-left* of the video



Red Line Showing 36 Inches of Distance Between Two Points in the Video.

Zooming the Display

You can zoom and pan the display in the Wizard to pick the two endpoints of the distance line more accurately.

- Touch the Wizard touch screen display and use two fingers to **zoom** and **pan** the display
- To **zoom** the display with a mouse, place the mouse pointer on the video and *spin* the mouse wheel
- To pan the display with a mouse, *hold down* the Ctrl key on the keyboard and *drag* the mouse pointer

Step 5 - TWF Magnitudes

To move to this step from Step 4,

• Either press the Next button on the lower-right side or press TWF Magnitudes on the upper-left side of the Wizard

Magnitude Histogram

In this step, the magnitude of the displacement of each point in the Point Grid is calculated, and a count of the point with the smallest to the largest magnitudes is assembled into 100 bins.

The 100 bins with counts of points from the smallest to the largest magnitudes is called a Magnitude Histogram.

Point counts of points with the **smallest** magnitudes are displayed starting on the *left side* and Point count of points with the **largest** magnitudes are displayed starting on the **right-side** of the Magnitude Histogram.

| MEscope Videos | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Adjust & Crop | Magnitude Histogram 🧲 |
| Frames & Elapsed Time | Delete the TWFs of Points with low or high displacements using the Magnitude Histogram below |
| Grid Points | |
| Scaling Distance | |
| Magnitude Histogram | |
| | Maginitude Histogram |
| | |
| | Fore Ein 1 + Last Ein 100 + |

Magnitude Histogram Showing 100 Magnitude Bins

The **TWFs** of points with the **smallest magnitudes** will not deflect very much compared to other points during an **EVA**, so they can be eliminated from further analysis by increasing the **smallest** bin number of the Magnitude Histogram. Likewise, the **TWFs** of points with the **largest magnitudes** can also be eliminated from further analysis by decreasing the **largest** bin number of the Magnitude Histogram.

- To eliminate TWFs of points with smallest magnitudes, drag the left end the slider to the right
- To eliminate TWFs of points with largest magnitudes, drag the right end the slider to the left

When the **Smallest** bin number is *increased* above 1, the grid points with the smallest magnitudes are not displayed on the **Point Grid** and their **TWFs** are not added to the **TWFs** Data Block.

When the **Largest** bin number is *decreased* below 100, the grid points with the highest magnitudes are not displayed on the **Point Grid** and their **TWFs** are not added to the **TWFs** Data Block.

| MEscope Videos | ¢) - | a × |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------|
| Adjust & Crop | Magnitude Histogram | ÷ |
| Frames & Elapsed Time | Delete the TWFs of Points with low or high displacements using the Magnitude Histogram below | |
| Grid Points | | tings |
| Scaling Distance | | l Set |
| Magnitude Histogram | | Advanced Settings |
| | Magnitude Histogram Magnitude Histogram TWFs for all points in bin 1 were deleted TWFs for all points in bin 55 to bin 100 were deleted | 100 |
| | First Bin 2 + Last Bin 54 + Exit < Back Folds | - |

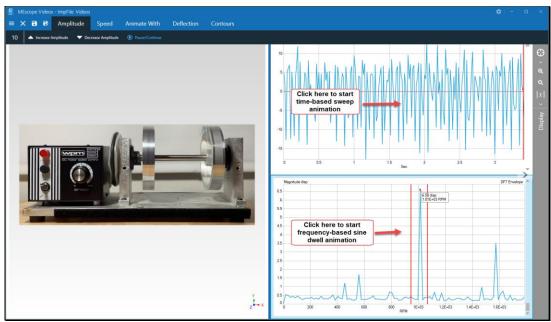
Points With Low Magnitudes and High Magnitude Not Extracted

• Press the Finish button on the lower-right side of the Wizard

When the **Finish button** is pressed in the Wizard, a time-based **EVA** sweep animation will begin from the Line cursor position in the **TWFs** Data Block.

Time-Based or Frequency-Based EVA

- To display **ODS's** from the **TWFs** in animation, *click* on the **TWFs** Data Block on the *upper-right side* of the MEscope window
- To display **ODS's** from the **DFTs** in animation, *click* on the **DFTs** Data Block on the *lower-right side* of the MEscope window



Time-Based or Frequency-Based EVA